AHRI Standard 700

2015 Standard for

Specifications for Refrigerants



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IMPORTANT

SAFETY DISCLAIMER

AHRI does not set safety standards and does not certify or guarantee the safety of any products, components or systems designed, tested, rated, installed or operated in accordance with this standard/guideline. It is strongly recommended that products be designed, constructed, assembled, installed and operated in accordance with nationally recognized safety standards and code requirements appropriate for products covered by this standard/guideline.

AHRI uses its best efforts to develop standards/guidelines employing state-of-the-art and accepted industry practices. AHRI does not certify or guarantee that any tests conducted under its standards/guidelines will be non-hazardous or free from risk.

Note:

This standard supersedes AHRI Standard 700-2014 with Addendum 1.

AHRI CERTIFICATION PROGRAM PROVISIONS

Scope of the Certification Programs

The Reclaimed Refrigerant and Refrigerant Testing Laboratory Certification Programs are based on this standard. The Reclaimed Refrigerant Certification Program includes purity specifications for reclaimed refrigerants. The Refrigerant Testing Laboratory Certification Program includes verification for refrigerant testing laboratories that perform testing of refrigerants to AHRI Standard 700.

Certified Ratings

The following ratings are verified by test for the Reclaimed Refrigerant Certification Program:

- a. Water (ppm by weight)
- b. Chloride (pass/fail)
- c. Acidity (ppm by weight)
- d. High boiling residue (% by volume or % by weight)
- e. Particulates/solids (pass/fail)
- f. Air and other non-condensables (% by volume)
- g. All other volatile impurities (% by weight)
- h. Halogenated unsaturated volatile impurities (ppm by weight)

The following contaminants are verified by test for the Refrigerant Testing Laboratory Certification Program:

- a. Water (ppm by weight)
- b. High boiling residue (% by volume or % by weight)
- c. Air and other non-condensables (% by volume)
- d. All other volatile impurities (% by weight)



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SPECIFICATIONS FOR REFRIGERANTS

Section 1. Purpose

- **1.1** *Purpose.* The purpose of this standard is to establish purity specifications, to verify composition, and to specify the associated methods of testing for acceptability of the refrigerants listed in Section 2.1 regardless of source (new, reclaimed and/or repackaged) for use in new and existing refrigeration and air-conditioning products within the scope of AHRI.
 - **1.1.1** *Intent.* This standard is intended for the guidance of the industry including manufacturers, reclaimers, repackagers, distributors, installers, servicemen, contractors and users of fluorocarbon, hydrocarbon and carbon dioxide containing refrigerants.
 - **1.1.2** *Review and Amendment.* This standard is subject to review and amendment as technology advances or as additional data becomes available. This data can be submitted to AHRI for review.

Section 2. Scope

- **2.1** *Scope.* This standard specifies acceptable levels of contaminants (purity requirements) for fluorocarbon, hydrocarbon, and carbon dioxide refrigerants regardless of source and lists acceptable test methods. These refrigerants are as referenced in the ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 34 with Addenda:
 - **2.1.1** Single-Component Fluorocarbon Refrigerants: R-11; R-12; R-13; R-22; R-23; R-32; R-113; R-114; R-115; R-116; R-123; R-124; R-125; R-134a; R-141b; R-142b; R-143a; R-152a; R-218; R-227ea; R-236fa; R-245fa; R-1233zd(E); R-1234yf; R-1234ze(E)
 - **2.1.2** Single Component Hydrocarbon Refrigerants: R-50; R-170; R-E170; R-290; R-600; R-600a; R-601; R-601a; R-610; R-1150; R-1270
 - 2.1.3 Carbon Dioxide Refrigerant: R-744
 - **2.1.4** Zeotropic Blend Refrigerants: R-401A; R-401B; R-402A; R-402B; R-403A; R-403B; R-404A; R-405A; R-406A; R-407A; R-407B; R-407C; R-407D; R-407E; R-407F; R-408A; R-409A; R-409B; R-410A; R-410B; R-411A; R-411B; R-412A; R-413A; R-414A; R-414B; R-415A; R-415B; R-416A; R-417A; R-417B; R-417C; R-418A; R-419A; R-419B; R-420A; R-421A; R-421B; R-422A; R-422B; R-422C; R-422D; R-422E; R-423A; R-424A; R-425A; R-426A; R-426A; R-428A; R-429A; 430A; R-431A; R-434A; R-435A; R-437A; R-438A; R-439A; R-440A; R-442A; R-444A; R-444B; R-445A; R-446A; R-447A; R-448A; R-449A; R-450A
 - **2.1.5** Zeotropic Hydrocarbon Blend Refrigerants: R-432A; R-433A; R-433B; R-433C; R-436A; R-436B; R-441A; R-443A
 - **2.1.6** Azeotropic Blend Refrigerants: R-500; R-502; R-503; R-507A; R-508A; R-508B; R-509A; R-510A; R-511A; and R-512A.

Section 3. Definitions

All terms in this document will follow the standard industry definitions in the ASHRAE Terminology website (https://www.ashrae.org/resources--publications/free-resources/ashrae-terminology) unless otherwise defined in this section.

- 3.1 "Shall" or "Should". "Shall" or "should" shall be interpreted as follows:
 - **3.1.1** *Shall.* Where "shall" or "shall not" is used for a provision specified, that provision is mandatory if compliance with the standard is claimed.
 - **3.1.2** Should. "Should" is used to indicate provisions which are not mandatory but which are desirable as good practice.

Section 4. Characterization of Refrigerants and Contaminants

- **4.1** *Characterization.* Characterization of single component fluorocarbon (Table 1A) and zeotropic/azeotropic blend (Table 2A/3) refrigerants and contaminants are listed in the following general classifications:
 - **4.1.1** Isomer content (see Table 1A)
 - **4.1.2** Air and other non-condensables (see Tables 1A, 2A, 3)
 - **4.1.3** Water (see Tables 1A, 2A, 3)
 - **4.1.4** All other volatile impurities (see Tables 1A, 2A, 3)
 - **4.1.5** High boiling residue (see Tables 1A, 2A, 3)
 - **4.1.6** Halogenated unsaturated volatile impurities (see Table 1A)
 - **4.1.7** Particulates/solids (see Tables 1A, 2A, 3)
 - **4.1.8** Acidity (see Tables 1A, 2A, 3)
 - **4.1.9** Chloride (see Tables 1A, 2A, 3)
- **4.2** *Hydrocarbon Characterization*. Characterization of hydrocarbon refrigerants (Tables 1B and 2B) and contaminants are listed in the following general classifications:
 - **4.2.1** Nominal composition
 - **4.2.2** Other allowable impurities
 - **4.2.3** Air and other non-condensables
 - 4.2.4 Sulfur odor
 - **4.2.5** High boiling residue
 - **4.2.6** Particulates/solids
 - **4.2.7** Acidity
 - **4.2.8** Water
 - **4.2.9** All other volatile impurities
 - **4.2.10** Total C_3 , C_4 and C_5 polyolefins
- **4.3** Carbon Dioxide Characterization. Characterization of carbon dioxide (Table 1C) and its contaminants are listed in the following general classifications:
 - **4.3.1** Purity
 - **4.3.2** Air and other non-condensables
 - **4.3.3** Water
 - **4.3.4** High boiling residue
 - 4.3.5 Particulates/solids

Section 5. Sampling and Summary of Test Procedures

- **5.1** Referee Test. The referee test methods for the various contaminants are summarized in the following paragraphs. Detailed test procedures are included in Appendix C to AHRI Standard 700. If alternative test methods are employed, the user shall be able to demonstrate that they produce results at least equivalent to the specified referee test method.
- **5.2** *Refrigerant Sampling.*
 - **5.2.1** Sampling Precautions. Special precautions should be taken to ensure that representative samples are obtained for analysis. Sampling shall be done by qualified personnel following accepted sampling and safety procedures. Refrigerants with critical temperatures near or below ambient temperature cannot be reliably sampled for both liquid and vapor phase without special handling.

Note: Flammable refrigerants which are ASHRAE 34 Class 2L, 2 or 3 present additional safety challenges and require additional measures for sampling safety procedures compared to nonflammable halocarbons documented in this standard.

- **5.2.2** Cylinder Preparation. Place a clean, empty sample cylinder with the valve open in an oven at 110°C for one hour. Remove it from the oven while hot, immediately connect it to an evacuation system and evacuate it to less than 56 kPa. Close the valve and allow it to cool. Weigh the empty cylinder.
- **5.2.3** *Vapor Phase Sampling.* A vapor phase sample shall be obtained for determining the non-condensables. The source temperature shall be measured and recorded at the time the sample is taken.
 - **5.2.3.1** Special Handling for Low Critical Temperature Refrigerant. A vapor phase sample is required to determine non-condensables and volatile impurities, including other refrigerants. The vapor phase sample is obtained by regulating the sample container temperature to 5 K or more above the refrigerant critical temperature.
 - **5.2.3.2** Handling for Liquid Refrigerants with Boiling Points Near or Above Room Temperature. Since R-11, R-113, R-123, R-141b, R-245fa, and R-1233zd(E) have normal boiling points near or above room temperature, non-condensable determination is not required for these refrigerants.

Note: Non-condensable gases, if present, will concentrate in the vapor phase of the refrigerant; care must be exercised to eliminate introduction of either air or liquid phase refrigerant during the sample transfer.

- **5.2.4** *Liquid Phase Sampling*. A liquid phase sample is required for all tests listed in this standard except the test for noncondensables.
 - **5.2.4.1** *Liquid Sampling.* Accurate analysis requires that the sample cylinder, at ambient temperature, be filled to at least 60% by volume; however, under no circumstances should the cylinder be filled to more than 80% by volume. This can be accomplished by weighing the empty cylinder and then the cylinder with refrigerant. When the desired amount of refrigerant has been collected, close the valve(s) and immediately disconnect the sample cylinder.

Note: Care should be taken to ensure that all connections and transfer lines are dry and evacuated to avoid contaminating the sample.

Note: Low critical temperature refrigerants can have extremely high pressure and the sampling vessel, all connections and transfer lines must be designed to handle high pressures.

5.2.4.2 Special Handling for Low Critical Temperature Refrigerant. A liquid phase sample is required for all testing except volatile impurities, including other refrigerants. The liquid phase sample is obtained by regulating the sample cylinder temperature to 2°C below the critical temperature of the refrigerant.

Note: If free water is present in the sample, cooling to below 0°C may result in the formation of ice. Clathrates may form at temperatures above 0°C with some fluorocarbon refrigerants.

- **5.2.4.3** *Record Weight.* Check the sample cylinder for leaks and record the gross weight.
- **5.3** Refrigerant Identification. The required method shall be gas chromatography as described in Appendix C with the corresponding gas chromatogram figures as illustrated in Informative Appendix D to AHRI Standard 700. The chromatogram of the sample shall be compared to known standards.
- **5.4** *Water Content.*
 - **5.4.1** *Method.* The Coulometric Karl Fischer Titration, as described in Appendix C, shall be used for determining the water content of refrigerants. This method can be used for refrigerants that are either a liquid or a gas at room temperature. For all refrigerants, the sample for water analysis shall be taken from the liquid phase of the container to be tested.
 - **5.4.2** *Limits*. The value for water content shall be expressed in parts per million (ppm) by weight and shall not exceed the maximum specified in Tables 1A, 1B, 1C, 2A, 2B and 3.

- **5.5** *Conductivity.* (*Alternative to chloride and acidity tests*).
 - **5.5.1** *Method.* A refrigerant may be tested for conductivity as an indication of the presence of acids, metal chlorides, and any compound that ionizes in water. This alternative procedure is intended for use with new or reclaimed refrigerants, however, significant amounts of oil can interfere with the test results.
 - **5.5.2** *Limits.* The value for conductivity shall be converted to and expressed in ppm by weight calculated as HCl and shall be compared with the maximum acidity value specified (see in Tables 1A, 1B, 1C, 2A, 2B, and 3). If the conductivity is above this amount, then the chloride and acidity tests shall be conducted. If the conductivity is not greater than this amount, then the chloride and acidity tests may be omitted.
- **5.6** *Chloride.*
 - **5.6.1** *Method.* The refrigerant shall be tested for chloride as an indication of the presence of hydrochloric acid and/or metal chlorides. The referee procedure is intended for use with new or reclaimed halogenated refrigerants; however, high boiling residue in excess of the amounts in Tables 1A, 1B, 1C, 2A, 2B and 3 can interfere with the test results.

The test method shall be that described in Appendix C to AHRI Standard 700. The test will show noticeable turbidity at chloride levels of about 3 ppm or greater by weight.

- **5.6.2** Limits. The results of the test shall not exhibit any sign of turbidity. Report the results as "pass" or "fail."
- 5.7 Acidity.
 - **5.7.1** *Method.* The acidity test uses the titration principle to detect any compound that is soluble in water and ionizes as an acid. The test method shall be that described in Appendix C to AHRI Standard 700. This test may not be suitable for determination of high molecular weight organic acids; however, these acids will be found in the high boiling residue test outlined in Section 5.8. The test requires a 50 to 60 gram sample and has a detection limit of 0.1 ppm by weight calculated as HCl.
 - **5.7.2** *Limits*. The value for acidity shall be expressed in ppm by weight as HCl and shall not exceed the limits in Tables 1A, 1B, 2A, 2B and 3.
- **5.8** *High Boiling Residue.*
 - **5.8.1** *Method.* High boiling residue shall be determined by either volume or weight. The volume method measures the residue from a standard volume of refrigerant after evaporation. The gravimetric method is described in Appendix C to AHRI Standard 700. Oils and/or organic acids will be captured by these methods.
 - **5.8.2** *Limits*. The value for high boiling residue shall be expressed as a percentage by volume or weight and shall not exceed the maximum percent specified in Tables 1A, 1B, 1C, 2A, 2B and 3.
- **5.9** *Particulates and Solids.*
 - **5.9.1** *Method.* A measured amount of sample shall be placed in a Goetz bulb under controlled temperature conditions. The particulates/solids shall be determined by visual examination of the Goetz bulb prior to the evaporation of refrigerant. For details of this test method, refer to Part 3 of Appendix C to AHRI Standard 700.

Note: R-744 will partially sublimate when measuring a known amount of liquid sample into the Goetz bulb and the solid R-744 will interfere with the visual examination of particulates/solids. Determining the particulates/solids shall be completed by visual examination of the Goetz bulb after the evaporation of the refrigerant.

- **5.9.2** Limits. Visual presence of dirt, rust or other particulate contamination is reported as "fail."
- **5.10** *Non-condensables.*
 - **5.10.1** *Method.* A vapor phase sample shall be used for determination of non-condensables. Non-condensable gases consist primarily of air accumulated in the vapor phase of refrigerants where the solubility of air in the refrigerant liquid

phase is extremely low and air is not significant as a liquid phase contaminant. The presence of non-condensable gases may reflect poor quality control in transferring refrigerants to storage tanks and cylinders.

The test method shall be gas chromatography with a thermal conductivity detector as described in Appendix C to AHRI Standard 700.

- **5.10.2** *Limits*. The maximum level of non-condensables in the vapor phase of a test sample shall not exceed the maximum at 25.0 °C as shown in Tables 1A, 1B, 1C, 2A, 2B and 3.
- **5.11** *All Other Volatile Impurities and/or Other Refrigerants.*
 - **5.11.1** *Method.* The amount of volatile impurities including other refrigerants in the subject refrigerant shall be determined by gas chromatography as described in Appendix C to AHRI Standard 700.
 - **5.11.2** *Limits.* The test sample shall not contain more than 0.5% by weight of volatile impurities including other refrigerants as shown in Tables 1A, 1B, 1C, 2A, 2B and 3.
 - **5.11.2.1** *Halogenated Unsaturated Volatile Impurities*. The test sample of a saturated fluorinated refrigerant shall not contain more than 40 ppm by weight of halogenated unsaturated volatile impurities, unless listed individually in Section 5.11.2.2.

The test sample of a blend shall not contain more than 40 ppm by weight of halogenated unsaturated volatile impurities, unless listed individually in Section 5.11.2.2. In the case of a blended saturated fluorinated refrigerant the unsaturates level may be directly measured from the blend to be no more than 40 ppm, unless listed individually in Section 5.11.2.2. Otherwise the unsaturates level in the blend may be calculated from the test data of the individual components and shall contain no more than 40 ppm by weight of halogenated unsaturated volatile impurities, unless listed individually in Section 5.11.2.2.

Refrigerants listed in Tables 2A, 2B and 3 containing an unsaturated fluorinated blend component shall be excluded from this requirement.

- **5.11.2.2** *Individual Listed Volatile Impurities.* Tables 1A, 1B, 1C, 2A, 2B and 3 list specific volatile impurities and their maximum allowable concentrations in ppm by weight.
- **5.12** *Total* C_3 , C_4 and C_5 *Polyolefins in Hydrocarbon Refrigerants.*
 - **5.12.1** *Method.* The amount of polyolefin impurities in the hydrocarbon shall be determined by gas chromatography as described in GPA STD 2177 *Natural Gas Liquid Mixtures Containing Nitrogen and Carbon Dioxide*.
 - **5.12.2** *Limits.* The test sample shall not contain more than 0.05 % by weight in the hydrocarbon sample as shown in Tables 1B and 2B. Report the results as "pass" or "fail."
- **5.13** *Sulfur Odor in Hydrocarbon Refrigerants.*
 - **5.13.1** *Method.* The amount of sulfur containing compounds or other compounds with an odor shall be determined by ASTM method D1296, *Odor of Volatile Solvents and Diluents*.
 - **5.13.2** *Limits.* The test sample paper shall not emit a residual sulfur odor as shown in Tables 1B and 2B.

Section 6. Reporting Procedure

6.1 Reporting Procedure. The source (manufacturer, reclaimer or repackager) of the packaged refrigerant shall be identified. The refrigerant shall be identified by its accepted refrigerant number and/or its chemical name. Maximum allowable levels of contaminants are shown in Tables 1A, 1B, 1C, 2A, 2B and 3. Test results shall be tabulated in a similar manner.

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Section 7. Conformance Conditions

7.1 Conformance. While conformance with this standard is voluntary, conformance shall not be claimed or implied for products or equipment within the standard's *Purpose* (Section 1) and *Scope* (Section 2) unless such product claims meet all of the requirements of the standard and all of the testing and rating requirements are measured and reported in complete compliance with the standard. Any product that has not met all the requirements of the standard cannot reference, state, or acknowledge conformance to the standard in any written, oral, or electronic communication.

Table 1A	. Single Componer	nt Fluorocar	bon Refrige	rants and th	neir Allowab	le Levels of	Contam ina	nts		
	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-11	R-12	R-13	R-22	R-23	R-32	R-113	R-114
CHARACTERISTICS:										
Boiling Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	23.7	-29.8	-81.5	-40.8	-82	-51.7	47.6	3.6
Boiling Point Range ¹	K	N/A	± 0.3	± 0.3	± 0.5	± 0.3	± 0.5	± 0.3	± 0.3	± 0.3
Critical Temperature ¹	℃	N/A	198	112	28.9	96.2	26.1	78.1	214.1	145.7
Isomer Content Isomer	% by weight	N/A	0-1 R-133a	0-30 R-144a						
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS :										
Air and Other Non-condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0℃	5.10	N/A ²	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	N/A ²	1.5
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS:										
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	20	10	10	10	10	10	20	10
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Halogenated Unsaturated Volatile Impurities, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.11.2.1	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean					
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight (as HCl)	5.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chloride ³	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity							

^{1.} Boiling points, boiling point ranges and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.

^{2.} Since R-11, R-113, R-123, R-141b, R-245fa, and R-1233zd(E) have normal boiling points near or above room temperature, non-condensable determinations are not required for these refrigerants.

^{3.} Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm.

N/A Not Applicable

Table 1A. Single Co	omponent Fluorocarbo	n Refrigera	nts and thei	r Allowable	Levels of C	ontam inant	s (continued	l)	
	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-115	R-116	R-123	R-124	R-125	R-134a	R-141b
CHARACTERISTICS:									
Boiling Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-38.9	-78.2	27.8	-12	-48.1	-26.1	32
Boiling Point Range ¹	K	N/A	± 0.3	± 0.3	± 0.3	± 0.3	± 0.3	± 0.3	± 0.3
Critical Temperature ¹	℃	N/A	80	19.9	183.7	122.3	66	101.1	206.8
Isomer Content Isomer	% by weight	N/A	N/A	N/A	0-8 R-123a+ R-123b	0-5 R-124a	N/A	0-0.5 R-134	0-0.1ea R-141, R-141a
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS :									
Air and Other Non-condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0°C	5.10	1.5	1.5	N/A ²	1.5	1.5	1.5	N/A ²
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS:									
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	10	10	20	10	10	10	100
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.9
Halogenated Unsaturated Volatile Impurities, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.11.2 .1	40	40	40	40	40	See footnote ⁴	40
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight (as HCl)	5.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chloride ³	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity

- 1. Boiling points, boiling point ranges and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.
- 2. Since R-11, R-113, R-123, R-141b, R-245fa, and R-1233zd(E) have normal boiling points near or above room temperature, non-condensable determinations are not required for these refrigerants.
- 3. Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm.
- 4. Up to 5000 ppm R-1234yf is acceptable as a halogenated unsaturated volatile impurity in R-134a.

	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-142b	R-143a	R-152a	R-218	R-227ea	R-236fa	R-245fa	R-1233zd(E)	R-1234yf	R-1234ze(E)
CHARACTERISTICS :												
Boiling Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-9.2	-47.2	-24	-36.8	-16.5	-1.4	14.9	18.3	-29.4	-19
Boiling Point Range ¹	K	N/A		± 0.3	± 0.3	± 0.3		± 0.3	± 0.3		N/A	N/A
Critical Temperature ¹	℃	N/A	137.1	72.7	113.3	72	101.7	124.9	154.1	165.6	94.8	109.4
Isomer Content Isomer	% by weight	N/A	0-0.1ea R-142, R-142a	0-0.01 R-143	N/A	1			0-0.1ea R-245ca, R-245cb, R-245ea, R-245eb		N/A	0.3 R- 1234ze(Z)
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS :												
Air and Other Non-condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0°C	5.10	2	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	N/A ²	N/A ²	1.5	1.5
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS:												
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	15	10	10	10	10	10	20	20	10	10
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Halogenated Unsaturated Volatile Impurities, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.11.2.1	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	N/A	N/A	N/A
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight (as HCl)	5.7	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chloride ³	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity

- 1. Boiling points, boiling point ranges and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.
- 2. Since R-11, R-113, R-123, R-141b, R-245fa, and R-1233zd(E) have normal boiling points near or above room temperature, non-condensable determinations are not required for these refrigerants.
- 3. Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm.

N/A Not Applicable

-- Data Not Available

	Ta	able 1B. Sing	gle Compon	ent Hydroca	rbon Refrig	erants and t	heir Allowa	ble Levels o	f Contamina	ants		
	Reporting Units	R-50	R-170	R-E170	R-290	R-600	R-600a	R-601	R-601a	R-610	R-1150	R-1270
CHARACTERISTICS:												
Boiling Point ¹	℃ at 101.3 kPa	-161.5	-88.6	-24.8	-42.1	-0.5	-11.8	36.1	27.8	34.6	-103.8	-47.6
Boiling Point Range ¹	K	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5	± 0.5
Minimum Nominal Composition	% weight	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5
Other Allowable Impurities	% weight	N/A	N/A	N/A	22	22	22	0-1 R-601a	0-1 R-601	N/A	N/A	0-1 R-290
VAPOR PHASE ³ :												
Air and Other Non- condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0°C	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
LIQUID PHASE ⁴ :												
Sulfur Odor	Pass or Fail	No sulfur odor										
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% weight	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean						
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight (as HCl)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water, Maximum	mg kg ⁻¹	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% weight	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Total C_3 , C_4 and C_5 Polyolefins, Maximum	% weight	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05

- 1. Boiling points, boiling point ranges, although not required, are provided for informational purposes.
- 2. 2% of other C3 and C4 saturated hydrocarbons are allowed
- 3.Taken from vapor phase
- 4. Vaporized from liquid phase

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Т	able 1C. Carbon Dioxide Refrigerant and Allowable Levels of Contaminants	its
	Reporting Units	R-744
CHARACTERISTICS:		
Sublimation Point ¹	°C at 101.3 kPa	-78.4
Sublimation Point Range ¹	K	± 0.3
VAPOR PHASE ² :		
Air and other non- condensables, Maximum	% by volume at 10°C below the critical temperature and measure non-condensable directly	1.5
LIQUID PHASE ³ :		
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	10
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by weight	0.0005
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	Visually clean
Minimum Purity	% by weight	99.9
NI		

- 1. Sublimation point, sublimation point range, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.
- 2. Sample taken from vapor phase.
- 3. Sample vaporized from liquid phase.

Table 2A. 2	Zeotropic Blends (400	Series Refr	igerants) ar	nd their Allo	wable Leve	s of Contan	ninants		
	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-401A	R-401B	R-402A	R-402B	R-403A	R-403B	R-404A
CHARACTERISTICS:									
Refrigerant Components	N/A	N/A	R-22/ 152a/124	R-22/ 152a/124	R-125/ 290/22	R-125/ 290/22	R-290/ 22/218	R-290/ 22/218	R-125/ 143a/134a
Nominal Composition	% by weight	N/A	53/13/34	61/11/28	60.0/2.0 /38.0	38.0/2.0 /60.0	5/75/20	5/56/39	44/52/4
Allowable Composition	% by weight	N/A	51-55 /11.5-13.5 /33-35	59-63 /9.5-11.5 /27-29	58.0-62.0 /1.0-2.1 /36.0-40.0	36.0-40.0 /1.0-2.1/ 58.0-62.0	3-5.2 /73-77 /18-22	3-5.2 /54-58 /37-41	42-46 /51-53 /2-6
Bubble Point ¹	°C @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-33.3	-34.9	-49	-47	-47.8	-49.2	-46.2
Dew Point ¹	°C @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-26.4	-28.8	-46.9	-44.7	-44.3	-46.8	-45.5
Critical Temperature ¹	$^{\circ}\! \mathbb{C}$	N/A	105.3	103.5	76	83	87	79.7	72.1
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS:									
Air and Other Non-condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0°C	5.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS:									
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight (as HC1)	5.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chloride ²	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity

^{1.} Bubble points, dew points and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.

^{2.} Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm.

Table	2A. Zeotropic Bl	ends (400 S	eries Refrig	erants) and	their Allowa	able Levels	of Contamir	ants (conti	nued)	
	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-405A	R-406A	R-407A	R-407B	R-407C	R-407D	R-407E	R-407F
CHARACTERISTICS:										
Refrigerant Components	N/A	N/A	R-22/152a /142b/C318	R-22/600a /142b	R-32 /125/134a	R-32 /125/134a	R-32 /125/134a	R-32 /125/134a	R-32 /125/134a	R-32 /125/134a
Nominal Composition	% by weight	N/A	45/7/5.5 /42.5	55/4/41	20/40/40	10/70/20	23/25/52	15/15/70	25/15/60	30.0/30.0 /40.0
Allowable Composition	% by weight	N/A	43-47 /6-8/4.5-6.5 /40.5-44.5	53-57 /3-5 /40-42	18-22 /38-42 /38-42	8-12 /68-72 /18-22	21-25 /23-27 /50-54	13-17 /13-17 /68-72	23-27 /13-17 /58-62	28.0-32.0 /28.0-32.0 /38.0-42.0
Bubble Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-32.9	-32.7	-45.3	-46.8	-43.6	-39.5	-42.9	-46.1
Dew Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-24.5	-23.5	-38.9	-42.5	-36.6	-32.9	-35.8	-39.7
Critical Temperature ¹	°C	N/A	106	116.5	82.3	75	86	91.4	88.5	83
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS :										
Air and Other Non- condensables, Maximum LIOUID PHASE	% by volume @ 25.0℃	5.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
CONTAMINANTS:										
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chloride ²	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity

^{1.} Bubble points, dew points and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.

^{2.} Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm.

N/A Not Applicable

Table 2A. Zeotro	pic Blends (400 Se	ries Refrige	rants) and t	their Allowa	ble Levels c	of Contamin	ants (contin	ued)	
	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-408A	R-409A	R-409B	R-410A	R-410B	R-411A	R-411B
CHARACTERISTICS:									
Refrigerant Components	N/A	N/A	R-125/ 143a/22	R-22/ 124/142b	R-22/ 124/142b	R-32/125	R-32/125	R-1270/ 22/152a	R-1270/ 22/152a
Nominal Composition	% by weight	N/A	7/46/47	60/25/15	65/25/10	50/50	45/55	1.5/87.5 /11.0	3/94/3
Allowable Composition	% by weight	N/A	5-9 /45-47 /45-49	58-62 /23-27 /14-16	63-67 /23-27 /9-11	48.5-50.5 /49.5-51.5	44-46 /54-56	0.5-1.5 /87.5-89.5 /10-11	2-3/94-96 /2-3
Bubble Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-44.6	-34.7	-35.6	-51.4	-51.3	-39.5	-41.6
Dew Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-44.1	-26.4	-27.9	-51.4	-51.6	-36.6	-40
Critical Temperature ¹	℃	N/A	83.1	106.9	106.9	71.4	70.8	99.1	96
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS:									
Air and Other Non-condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0℃	5.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS:									
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight (as HCl)	5.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chloride ²	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity

^{1.} Bubble points, dew points and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.

^{2.} Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm.

Table 2A. Zeot	ropic Blends (400 S	eries Refrig	erants) and	their Allowa	able Levels	of Contamin	ants (contir	nued)	-
	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-412A	R-413A	R-414A	R-414B	R-415A	R-415B	R-416A
CHARACTERISTICS:									
Refrigerant Components	N/A	N/A	R-22/218/ 142b	R-218/ 134a/600a	R-22/124/ 600a/142b	R-22/124/ 600a/142b	R-22/152a	R-22/152a	R-134a/ 124/600
Nominal Composition	% by weight	N/A	70/5/25	9/88/3	51.0/28.5 /4.0/16.5	50.0/39.0 /1.5/9.5	82.0/18.0	25.0/75.0	59.0/39.5 /1.5
Allowable Composition	% by weight	N/A	68-72 /3-7 /24-26	8-10 /86-90 /2-3	49.0-53.0 /26.5-30.5 /3.5-4.5 /15.5-17.0	48.0-52.0 /37.0-41.0 /1.0-2.0 /8.5-10.0	81.0-83.0 /17.0-19.0	24.0-26.0 /74.0-76.0	58.0-59.5 /39.0-40.5 /1.3-1.6
Bubble Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-38	-30.6	-34	-32.9	-37.5	-27.7	-23.4
Dew Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-28.7	-27.9	-25.8	-24.3	-34.7	-26.2	-21.8
Critical Temperature ¹	℃	N/A	107.2	98.5	110.7	111	100	111.3	108.2
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS :									
Air and Other Non-condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0℃	5.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS:									
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight (as HC1)	5.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chloride ²	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity

^{1.} Bubble points, dew points and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.

^{2.} Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm.

N/A Not Applicable

Tak	Table 2A. Zeotropic Blends (400 Series Refrigerants) and their Allowable Levels of Contaminants (continued)													
	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-417A	R-417B	R-417C	R-418A	R-419A	R-419B	R-420A	R-421A	R-421B			
CHARACTERISTICS:														
Refrigerant Components	N/A	N/A	R-125/ 134a/600	R-125/ 134a/600	R-125/ 134a/600	R-290/ 22/152a	R-125/ 134a/ E170	R-125/ 134a/E170	R-134a/ 142b	R-125/ 134a	R-125/ 134a			
Nominal Composition	% by weight	N/A	46.6/50.0 /3.4	79.0/18.3 /2.7	19.5/78.8 /1.7	1.5/96.0 /2.5	77.0/19.0 /4.0	48.5/48.0 /3.5	88.0/12.0	58.0/42.0	85.0/15.0			
Allowable Composition	% by weight	N/A	45.5-47.7 /49.0-51.0 /3.0-3.5	78.0-80.0 /17.3-19.3 /2.2-2.8	18.5-20.5 /77.8-79.8 /1.2-1.8	1.0-2.0 /95.0-97.0 /2.0-3.0	76.0-78.0 /18.0-20.0 /3.0-5.0	47.5-49.5 /47.0-49.0 /3.0-4.0	88.0-89.0 /11.0-12.0	57.0-59.0 /41.0-43.0	84.0-86.0 /14.0-16.0			
Bubble Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-38	-44	-32.7	-41.2	-42.6	-37.4	-25	-40.8	-45.7			
Dew Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-32.9	-41.5	-29.2	-40.1	-36	-31.5	-24.2	-35.5	-42.6			
Critical Temperature	℃	N/A	89.9	75.2	95.4	96.7	79.1	90.4	105.4	78.5	69			
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS:														
Air and Other Non-condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0℃	5.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5			
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS:														
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	10	10	10	10	20	10	10	10	10			
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5			
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01			
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually Clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually Clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean			
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight (as HC1)	5.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Chloride ²	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity			

- 1. Bubble points, dew points and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.
- 2. Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm.

	Table 2A. Zeotropic Blends (400 Series Refrigerants) and their Allowable Levels of Contaminants (continued)													
	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-422A	R-422B	R-422C	R-422D	R-422E	R-423A	R-424A	R-425A	R-426A			
CHARACTERISTICS:														
Refrigerant Components	N/A	N/A	R-125 /134a /600a	R-125 /134a /600a	R-125 /134a /600a	R-125 /134a /600a	R-125 /134a /600a	R-134a /227ea	R-125 /134a/600a /600/ 601a	R-32/134a /227ea	R-125/ 134a /600/601a			
Nominal Composition	% by weight	N/A	85.1/11.5 /3.4	55.0/42.0 /3.0	82.0/15.0 /3.0	65.1/30.5 /3.4	58.0/39.3 /2.7	52.5/47.5	50.5/47.0 /0.9/1.0/0.6	18.5/69.5 /12.0	5.1/93.0 /1.3/0.6			
Allowable Composition	% by weight	N/A	84.1-86.1 /10.5-12.5 /3.0-3.5	54.0-56.0 /41.0-43.0 /2.5-3.1	81.0-83.0 /14.0-16.0 /2.5-3.1	64.0-66.0 /30.5-32.5 /3.0-3.5	57.0-59.0 /38.0-41.0 /2.5-3.0	51.5-53.5 /46.5-48.5	49.5-51.5 /46.0-48.0 /0.7-1.0 /0.8-1.1 /0.4-0.7	18.0-19.0 /69.0-70.0 /11.5-12.5	4.1-6.1 /92.0-94.0 /1.1-1.4 /0.4-0.7			
Bubble Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-46.5	-40.5	-45.3	-43.2	-41.8	-24.2	-39.1	-38.1	-28.5			
Dew Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-44.1	-35.6	-42.3	-38.4	-36.4	-23.5	-33.3	-31.3	-26.7			
Critical Temperature	℃	N/A	71.7	85.7	76.1	79.6	82.2	99	87.5	93.9	100.2			
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS:														
Air and Other Non- condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0℃	5.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5			
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS:														
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	10	10	20	10	10	10	10	10	10			
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5			
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01			
Chloride ²	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity							

^{1.} Bubble points, dew points and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.

^{2.} Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm.

N/A Not Applicable

Tabl	Table 2A. Zeotropic Blends (400 Series Refrigerants) and their Allowable Levels of Contaminants (continued)													
	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-427A	R-428A	R-429A	R-430A	R-431A	R-434A	R-435A	R-437A	R-438A	R-439A		
CHARACTERISTICS:														
Refrigerant Components	N/A	N/A	R-32/125/ 143a/134a	R-125 /143a /290/600a	R-E170 /152a/ 600a	R-152a/ 600a	R290 /152a	R-125/ 143a/134a/ 600a	R-E170 /152a	R-125/ 134a/600 /601	R-32/125/ 134a/600 /601a	R-32/ 125/ 600a		
Nominal Composition	% by weight	N/A	15.0/25.0 /10.0/50.0	77.5/20.0 /0.6/1.9	60.0/10.0 /30.0	76.0/24.0	71.0/29.0	63.2/18.0 /16.0/2.8	80.0/20.0	19.5/78.5 /1.4/0.6	8.5/45.0/44.2 /1.7/0.6	50/47.0 /3.0		
Allowable Composition	% by weight	N/A	13.0-17.0 /23.0-27.0 /8.0-12.0 /48.0-52.0	76.5-78.5 /19.0-21.0 /0.4-0.7 /1.7-2.0	59.0-61.0 /9.0-11.0 /29.031.0		70.0-72.0 /28.0-30.0	62.2-64.2 /17.0-19.0 /15.0-17.0 /2.6-2.9	79.0-81.0 /19.0-21.0	17.7-20.0 /77.8-80.0 /1.2-1.5 /0.4-0.7	7.0-9.0 /43.5-46.5 /42.7-45.7 /1.5-1.8 /0.4-0.7	49.0-51.0 /46.0-48.0 /2.5-3.5		
Bubble Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-43	-48.3	-25.5	-27.6	-43.2	-45.1	-26	-32.9	-43	-52		
Dew Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-36.3	-47.5	-24.9	-27.4	-43.2	-42.4	-25.8	-29.2	-36.4	-51.7		
Critical Temperature	℃	N/A	85.3	69	123.5	107	100.3	75.6	125.2	95.3	84.2	72		
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS:														
Air and Other Non-condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0℃	5.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5		
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS:														
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	10	10	20	20	10	10	20	10	10	10		
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5		
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01		
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean		
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight (as HC1)	5.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Chloride ²	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity		

- 1. Bubble points, dew points and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.
- 2. Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm.

	Table 2A. Zeotropic Blends (400 Series Refrigerants) and their Allowable Levels of Contaminants (continued)													
	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-440A	R-442A	R-444A	R-444B	R-445A	R-446A	R-447A	R-448A	R-449A	R-450A		
CHARACTERISTICS:														
Refrigerant Components	N/A	N/A	R-290/ 134a/152a	R-32/125/ 134a/152a/ 227ea	R-32/152a/ 1234ze(E)	R-32 / 152a / 1234ze(E)	R-744/ 134a/1234ze(E)	R-32 /1234ze(E) /600	R-32/ 125/1234ze (E)	R-32 / 125 / 1234yf / 134a / 1234ze(E)	R-32 / 125 / 1234yf / 134a	R-134a / 1234ze(E)		
Nominal Composition	% by weight	N/A	0.6/1.6/97.8	31.0/31.0 /30.0/3.0 /5.0	12.0/5.0/83.0	41.5/10.0 /48.5	6.0/9.0/85.0	68.0/29.0 /3.0	68.0/3.5 /28.5	26.0/26.0 /20.0/21.0 / 7.0	24.3/24.7 /25.3/25.7	42.0/58.0		
Allowable Composition	% by weight	N/A	0.5-0.7 /1.0-2.2 /97.3-98.3	30.0-32.0 /30.0-32.0 /29.0-31.0 /2.5-3.5/4.0- 6.0	11.0-13.0 /4.0-6.0 /81.0-85.0	40.5-42.5 / 9.0-11.0 / 47.5-49.5	5.0-7.0 /8.0-10.0 /83.0-87.0	67.0-68.5 /28.4-31.0 /2.0-3.1	67.5-69.5 /3.0-5.0 /27.5-29.5	24.0-26.5 / 25.5-28.0 / 18.0-20.5 / 20.0-23.0 / 5.0-7.5	23.3-24.5 / 24.5-25.7 / 24.3-25.5 / 25.5-26.7	40.0-44.0 / 56.0-60.0		
Bubble Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-25.5	-46.5	-34.3	-44.6	-50.3	-49.4	-49.3	-45.9	-46	-23.4		
Dew Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-24.3	-39.9	-24.3	-34.9	-23.5	-42.1	-44.2	-39.8	-39.9	-22.8		
Critical Temperature	℃	N/A	112.9	82.4	103.2	91.5	98	84.2	82.6	81.6	81.5	104.4		
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS :														
Air and Other Non- condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0°C	5.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5		
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS:														
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5		
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01		
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean		
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight (as HC1)	5.7	1	1	1	1	N/A	1	1	1	1	1		
Chloride ²	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity		

- 1. Bubble points, dew points and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.
- 2. Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm. N/A Not Applicable

	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-432A	R-433A	R-433B	R-433C	R-436A	R-436B	R-441A	R-443A
CHARACTERISTICS:										
Refrigerant Components	N/A	N/A	R-1279 /E170	R-1270 /290	R-1270 /290	R-1270 /290	R-290 /600a	R-290 /600a	R-170 /290/600a /600	R-1270 /290 /600a
Nominal Composition	% by weight	N/A	80.0/20.0	30.0 /70.0	5.0/95.0	25.0/75.0	56.0/44.0	52.0/48.0	3.1/54.8 /6.0/36.1	55.0/40.0 /5.0
Allowabe Composition	% by weight	N/A	79.0-81.0 /19.0-21.0	29.0- 31.0 /69.0- 71.0	4.0-6.0 /94.0- 96.0	24.0-26.0 /74.0- 76.0	55.0-57.0 /43.0-45.0	51.0-53.0 /47.0- 49.0	2.8-2.4 /52.8-56.8 /5.4-6.6 /34.1-38.1	53.0-57.0 /38.0-42.0 /3.8-6.2
Bubble Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-45.2	-44.4	-42.5	-44.1	-34.3	-33.3	-41.5	-45.2
Dew Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-42.4	-44	-42.4	-43.7	-26.1	-25	-20.3	-42.1
Critical Temperature ¹	℃	N/A	97.3	94.4	96.3	94.8	115.9	117.4	117.3	95.1
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS 2:										
Air and Other Non-condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25.0℃	5.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS ³ :										
Sulfur Odor ⁴	No odor to pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	N/A
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	20	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Total C_3 , C_4 and C_5 Polyolefins, Maximum	% by weight	5.12	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Chloride ²	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	N/A	N/A

^{1.} Bubble points, dew points and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.

^{2.}Taken from vapor phase

^{3.} Vaporized from liquid phase

^{4.} Including hydrogen sulphide and mercaptans

Table 3. Azeotropic Blends (500 Series Refrigerants) and their Allowable Levels of Contaminants													
	Reporting Units	Reference Section	R-500	R-502	R-503	R-507A	R-508A	R-508B	R-509A	R-510A	R-511A	R-512A	
CHARACTERISTICS:													
Refrigerant Components	N/A	N/A	R-12/152a	R-22/115	R-23/13	R-125/ 143a	R-23/116	R-23/116	R-22/218	R-E170/ 600a	R-290/ E170	R-134a/ 152a	
Nominal Composition	% by weight	N/A	73.8/26.2	48.8/51.2	40.1/59.9	50/50	39/61	46/54	44/56	88.0/12.0	95.0/5.0	5.0/95.0	
Allowable Composition	% by weight	N/A	72.8-74.8 /25.2-27.2	44.8-52.8 /47.2-55.2	39-41 /59-61	49.5-51.5 /48.5-50.5	37-41 /59-63	44-48 /52-56	42-46 /56-60	87.5-88.5 /11.5- 12.5	94.0-96.0 /4.0-6.0	4.0-6.0 /94.0-96.0	
Bubble Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-33.6	-45.2	-87.8	-46.7	-87.4	-87	-49.8	-24.9	-42	-24	
Dew Point ¹	℃ @ 101.3 kPa	N/A	-33.6	-45	-87.8	-46.7	-87.4	-87	-48.1	-24.9	-42	-24	
Critical Temperature ¹	℃	N/A	102.1	80.2	18.4	70.6	10.8	11.8	68.6	125.7	97	112.9	
VAPOR PHASE CONTAMINANTS:													
Air and Other Non-condensables, Maximum	% by volume @ 25℃	5.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
LIQUID PHASE CONTAMINANTS:													
Water, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.4	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	20	20	10	
All Other Volatile Impurities, Maximum	% by weight	5.11	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	
High Boiling Residue, Maximum	% by volume or % by weight	5.8	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	
Particulates/Solids	Pass or Fail	5.9	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	Visually clean	
Acidity, Maximum	ppm by weight	5.7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Chloride ²	Pass or Fail	5.6	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	No visible turbidity	

^{1.} Bubble points, dew points and critical temperatures, although not required, are provided for informational purposes. Refrigerant data compiled from Refprop 9.1.

^{2.} Recognized chloride level for pass/fail is about 3 ppm.

N/A Not Applicable

APPENDIX A. REFERENCES – NORMATIVE

- **A1** Listed here are all standards, handbooks, and other publications essential to the formation and implementation of the standard. All references in this appendix are considered as part of this standard.
 - **A1.1** 2008 Appendix C Analytical Procedures for AHRI Standard 700-2015 Normative, Specification for Fluorocarbon Refrigerants, 2008, Air-Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigeration Institute, 2111 Wilson Blvd., Suite 500, Arlington, VA 22201, U.S.A.
 - **A1.2** ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 34-2013, *Designation and Safety Classification of Refrigerants*, 2013, with Addenda, American National Standards Institute/American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc., 25 West 43rd Street, 4th Floor, New York, New York 10036 U.S.A., 1791 Tullie Circle N.E., Atlanta, GA 30329, U.S.A.
 - **A1.3** *ASHRAE Terminology*, https://www.ashrae.org/resources--publications/free-resources/ashrae-terminology, 2014, American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc., 1791 Tullie Circle, N.E., Atlanta, GA 30329, U.S.A.
 - **A1.4** ASTM Standard D1296-01-2012, *Standard Test Method for Odor of Volatile Solvents and Diluents*, 2012, ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania 19428, USA.
 - **A1.5** GPA STD-2177, Analysis of Natural Gas Liquid Mixtures Containing Nitrogen and Carbon Dioxide by Gas Chromatography, 2013, Gas Processors Association, 6526 East 60th Street, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74145, U.S.A.
 - **A1.6** REFPROP Reference Fluid Thermodynamic and Transport Properties *NIST Standard Reference Database* 23 Version 9.1, 2013, U.S. Department of Commerce, Technology Administration, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Standard Reference Data Program, Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899, U.S.A.

APPENDIX B. REFERENCES – INFORMATIVE

- **B1** Listed here are standards, handbooks and other publications which may provide useful information and background but are not considered essential. References in this appendix are not considered part of the standard.
 - **B1.1** 2012 Appendix D Gas Chromatograms for AHRI Standard 700-2015 Informative, Specification for Fluorocarbon Refrigerants, 2012, Air-Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigeration Institute, 2111 Wilson Blvd., Suite 500, Arlington, VA 22201; U.S.A.
 - **B1.2** U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 82, *Protection of Stratospheric Ozone*, 2013, Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Administration, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, Washington, DC 20402, U.S.A.